

## Intra-Arterial Thrombolysis or Mechanical Revascularization Eligibility Criteria

Yes	No	MUST ANSWER <b>YES</b> TO ALL CRITERIA
		1. Intra-arterial or catheter based therapy should be considered in <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Patients who arrive within 4.5 hours of onset, but are not eligible to receive IV tPA</li> <li>b. Patients who arrive between 4.5 to 8 hours of symptom onset, who have a proximal artery occlusion, NIHSS &gt; 10 but &lt; 30, or other cortical neurological deficits with an NIHSS &lt; 10</li> <li>c. Patients with known proximal artery occlusion who had received IV tPA with no evidence of clinical improvement after 60 minutes of infusion.</li> </ol>
		2. Treatment initiated within 6 hrs of stroke & completed by 8 hrs post ictus
		3. Written informed consent from the patient or next of kin when able <i>In the event the patient is unable to give written consent by virtue of their medical condition and family is not immediately available, the neurologist and the interventional radiologist or intensivist will document agreement of the risk/benefit consideration.</i>
Yes	No	MUST ANSWER <b>NO</b> TO ALL CRITERIA
		1. Evidence of ICH, SAH, or SDH
		2. Well-established evidence of acute infarct on CT/MR in the territory to be reperfused
		3. Major infarct, > 1/3 of cerebral hemisphere
		4. CNS lesion with increased likelihood of hemorrhage
		5. Platelet count < 100,000/mm <sup>3</sup>
		6. Previous history of intracranial hemorrhage of any kind
		7. Head trauma or stroke in the past 3 months
		8. Major surgery < 14 days *
		9. Major GI, GU tract hemorrhage < 21 days *
		10. Pregnancy or lactating *
		11. Arterial puncture < 7 days *
		12. Uncontrolled BP despite treatment
		13. Systolic BP > 185, Diastolic BP > 110
		14. Glucose < 50 or > 400mg/dl
		15. Seizure at onset
		16. Age > 80 (consideration of compassionate use over the age of 80)

\* Exclusion for IA thrombolytics, not IA mechanical revascularization.